If you have questions or comments, please contact us.

Email: helpdesk@starfall.com Phone: 1-888-857-8990 or 303-417-6414 Fax: 1-800-943-6666 or 303-417-6434

## Starfall<sup>®</sup> Pre K

## **Observing the Weather** Unit 4 • Week 11







Begin with free reading and math activities for computers and mobile devices.
 Discover even more interactive activities with a Starfall membership!
 Shop at store.starfall.com for curricula and educational products.

Starfall Education Foundation P.O. Box 359, Boulder, CO 80306 U.S.A.

Email: helpdesk@starfall.com

Fax: 1-800-943-6666 or 303-417-6434

Copyright © 2013, 2017 by Starfall Education. All rights reserved. Starfall® and Starfall.com® are registered trademarks in the US, the European Union, and various other countries.

Phone: 1-888-857-8990 or 303-417-6414

Starfall<sup>®</sup> **Pre K** Unit 4: The Great Outdoors

Week 11: Observing the Weather		
<b>Overview &amp; Preparation</b>	250	
Learning Centers	254	
Day 1		
Introduce Weather		
Introduce /I/	258	
"Who Likes the Rain?" Graph		
Who, What, Where, When, Why, and How		
Day 2		
How Clouds Are Formed		
Introduce <i>LI</i>		
Sequence <i>Who Likes the Rain?</i>		
Make Weather Plates		
Day 3		
Weather: Cause and Effect		
List <i>LI</i> Words, ASL <i>LI</i>		
Teacher's Literature Choice: Rain		
Create Weather Patterns		
Day 4		
"Will the Wind Blow?" Graph		
Introduce Final /I/		
Introduce <i>Thermometers</i>		
Create Rainy Day Illustrations		
Day 5		
Weather Riddles		
Match Initial Sounds		
Teacher's Literature Choice: Weather		



### Thermometers



Who Likes the Rain?

## Week 11: Observing the Weather

This week you will introduce the children to various types of weather, experiment with predicting what the wind will and won't blow, and conduct an experiment to create a cloud. The children will also:

- learn /l/ and identify initial and final /l/ words
- create graphs and interpret the results
- segment and blend words together to form compounds
- review letters Aa, Bb, Nn, Pp, Ss, Tt and their sounds
- blend letters to form words
- practice creating AB and ABC patterns
- clap words in sentences
  - learn about different types of thermometers and how they work

## **Starfall Books & Other Media**

ABC for Gingerbread Boy and Me by Starfall

Star Writer Melodies

Starfall's Selected Nursery Rhymes (Book and Audio CD)

Starfall Sing-Along Volume 1

Thermometers by Stephen Schutz

Weather Cards

Who Likes the Rain? adapted from the poem by Clara Doty Bates

Who Likes the Rain? Picture Cards

## Preparation

### Day One

*Morning Meeting* — Prepare your choice of music for "Freeze." Prepare a sentence strip that reads: *I know this is* \_\_\_\_\_\_ *because* \_\_\_\_\_. Leave enough room in the first blank space for a Weather Picture Card.

Story Time — Prepare a chart paper graph titled "Who Likes the Rain?" Write "Yes" and draw a smiley face next to it as a heading on the left side, and "No" with a sad face next to it as a heading on the right side to form two columns.

## Day Two

*Morning Meeting* — You will need these materials for today's cloud experiment: tape, a match, hot tap water, ice cubes in a plastic bag, a glass jar, and a piece of black paper cut to fit around the outside bottom third of the jar.

*Story Time* — Have the "Who Likes the Rain?" graph from **Day 1** available.

*Small Group* — You will need a clothespin and a paper plate (sectioned into fourths) for each child.

### **Day Three**

Morning Meeting — You will need a cotton ball for each child, and a large bowl of water.

Story Time — Prepare a chart paper titled "The many ways rain is important."

Select your choice of book about rain to share. Suggestions include:

- Just a Thunderstorm by Gina and Mercer Mayer
- Mushroom in the Rain by Mirra Ginsburg
- Olivia and the Rain Dance by Maggie Testa
- Rain Talk by Mary Serfozo

## Day Four

*Morning Meeting* — Prepare a chart paper graph with the title "Will the Wind Blow it?" Write "Yes" as a heading on the left side, and "No" as a heading on the right side, forming two columns. Have a portable fan and objects such as a feather, a straw, a tissue, a piece of paper, a marker, a pencil, scissors, a balloon, and a small toy on hand.

*Circle Time* — Have the list of *LI* words from **Day 3** available.

Story Time — Gather several different types of thermometers to introduce.

Small Group — Fill a spray bottle with watered down blue tempera paint.

### Day Five

*Story Time* — Choose a book about the weather to share with the children. Suggestions include:

- Little Cloud by Eric Carle
- Oh Say Can You Say What's the Weather Today? by Tish Rabe
- Weather Words and What They Mean by Gail Gibbons
- What's The Weather? by Jo Moon

### Looking Ahead

Starfall |Pre||K

In preparation for transitioning to a full month calendar in **Week 12**, you will need a month calendar chart. Send an email or note to parents informing them that the children should wear or bring pajamas and a favorite stuffed animal to school on **Day 2** of **Week 12**. **Optional:** Purchase glow in the dark stars and affix them to your classroom ceiling.

## **Snack Suggestion**

Create ladybug snacks by spreading jam or jelly on mini rice cakes. Children add raisins for spots and a grape for the head.

## **Outside Activity**

Using crepe paper strips or streamers, the children run around a play area to experience how wind moves the paper.

Partner children and give each pair a feather. Children blow on the feathers to keep them from touching the ground. Explain that when we blow air out of our mouths it is like the wind.

#### **Gross Motor Skills**

Combines a sequence of large motor skills

Moves with balance and control I like to watch the rain. What's your favorite Kind of weather?

Your pal,

Gingerbread Boy

I loved the poem "Who Likes the Rain?" Can you add my name to your graph under 'Yes?' Love,

Day

Day 3

Day 4

Gingerbread Boy

11

I loved the cloud experiment. Have you ever watched clouds move in the sky? Your friend,

Gingerbread Boy

I love the wind! If we didn't have wind, Kites wouldn't fly! Have you ever flown a Kite?

Your pal,

Gingerbread Boy

Day 5

I have learned so much about weather this week! Try to solve the weather riddles I wrote. Love,

Gingerbread Boy



Gathering	Predict and forecast weather Calendar Routine	Predict and forecast weather Calendar Routine
Morning Meeting	Gingerbread Boy's Message Identify different types of weather "What's the Weather?" <b>Vocabulary:</b> cloudy, rainy <b>Review:</b> sunny, windy, snowy, foggy	Gingerbread Boy's Message Interpret "Who Likes the Rain?" graph Cloud experiment
		G CENTERS
Circle Time	Phonological Awareness: Rhyming words Introduce and listen for /l/ "Ladybug" riddle Introduce left "Looby Loo"	Phonological Awareness: Compound words Introduce <i>LI</i> <i>ABC for Gingerbread Boy and Me</i> List Initial /I/ words
Story Time	Who Likes the Rain? Graph who likes rain and who doesn't	"It's Raining, It's Pouring" Who Likes the Rain? Picture Cards
Small Group & Exploration	Who Likes the Rain? Who, Where, What, Why, and How	Draw and label weather pictures Weather plates

Predict and forecast weather	Predict and forecast weather	Predict and forecast weather
Calendar Routine	Calendar Routine	Calendar Routine
Gingerbread Boy's Message	Gingerbread Boy's Message	Gingerbread Boy's Message
Water's effect on weather	"Will the Wind Blow It?" graph	Weather Picture Card Riddles
Cause and effect	Predict whether wind will or will not blow objects	"What's the Weather?"
	LEARNING	CENTERS
Phonemic Awareness: Blend CVC words	Phonological Awareness: Count words in sentences	Phonological Awareness: Rhyming words
List words that begin with /l/	Introduce final /l/	Initial /a/, /b/, /n/, /p/, /s/, /t/, /l/
Introduce ASL sign for <i>Ll</i>		Sing "Where Is /I/?"
Sing "Where Is /l/?"		
Review Bb, Nn, Pp, Ss, Tt		
Teacher's Literature Choice: Rain List ways rain is important	Thermometers	Teacher's Literature Choice: Weather
	How thermometers work	
	Vocabulary: nonfiction, thermometers	
Use Weather Picture Cards to create <i>AB</i> and <i>ABC</i> patterns	Rainy day pictures	Complete projects or conduct observations and individual assessments

6

## WEEK 11 LEARNING CENTERS

#### Media & Technology

Uses technology to explore and review information

#### Phonics

Focuses on letter names and shapes

#### **Creative Arts**

Creates original work

Shows care and persistence in a variety of art projects

#### Math

Uses one-to-one correspondence to determine "how many"

## **Computer Center**

**Activity** — Children enjoy *Nursery Rhyme Videos:* "Eensy Weensy Spider," *It's Fun to Read:* Poetry, "If I Could Touch the Sky," and *Colors:* "Rainbow." They also review /b/, /t/, /n/, /s/, /a/, and /p/, and reinforce /l/ at *ABCs*: S, B, T, N, A, P, and L.

### Interaction & Observation

• Engage children in conversation about the letters on which they are working by asking questions such as: Are there other animal names that begin with the same sound as bear? What do you click to get back to the alphabet to choose another letter? How is P different from B?

## **Art Center**

**Activity** — Using pictures as models, children paint pictures of ladybugs to decorate the classroom during their study of the great outdoors. Display paintings on black craft paper cut a few inches larger than the paintings for an art gallery effect on the classroom walls.

Materials
Art paper
Tempera paint (black and red)
Paintbrushes, water
LI Wall Card showing ladybugs
Ladybug books and pictures

**Materials** 

Computers set up to access

Starfall.com

Headsets

### Interaction & Observation

- Offer options as the children paint, draw and create.
- Engage them in conversation about their ladybug paintings by asking questions such as: How many ladybugs did you paint? How did you decide how many ladybugs to paint? How many spots does your ladybug have?
- Praise accomplishments and celebrate the children's work. Invite other classes to visit and appreciate the ladybug art gallery.

## **Library Center**

#### Print/Book Awareness

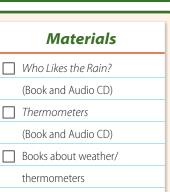
Connects oral language and print

Motivation for Reading

Interacts appropriately with books and other materials in a printrich environment **Activity** — The children read along and listen to *Who Likes the Rain*? and *Thermometers* after the books are introduced. They also enjoy picture books (including audio versions) from your classroom or school library relating to weather and various types of thermometers.

### Interaction & Observation

- Add soft pillows, a small lamp, and other stuffed animals for children to hold as they listen to stories.
- Add interest by placing Gingerbread Boy in this center occasionally so that children can read or share books with him.
- Sit down with children and engage them in conversations about their favorite books, favorite characters, and what they liked about the stories.



### WEEK11 • CENTERS

Engages in cooperative pretend play with

Develops a beginning

as representations

of actual places

understanding of maps

**Creative Arts** 

other children

Social Studies

## **Dramatic Play Center**

**Preparation** — Change this center to serve as a weather station.

**Activity** — Children become TV weather reporters, using pointers to reference maps on the wall, a table and chairs for reporting the weather, and papers on the desk to write on and read from.

### Interaction & Observation

- Guide children in creating language-rich play scenarios as each unit theme is introduced, by playing a role in their dramatic play interaction.
- After modeling roles, provide time for children to create their own play scenarios.

## **Construction Center**

Activity — The children build roads, ramps, highways, parking garages, and homes. They also make signs for their buildings and highways. ("I-40," "Park Here," "Truck Stop")

Take pictures of the children's buildings and roads and tape them on the wall in this center.

### Interaction & Observation

- Props such as vehicles stimulate creative construction as well as extend and enrich children's language. Signs and labels on finished constructions also help children to see real use of written language.
- Expand learning potential with questions and comments such as: Do you think this truck will fit through your garage door? Will the cars go under the bridge or over the bridge? Will the building fall down if we put this big block on top?

## **Writing Center**

**Activity** — Using Weather Cards as models, children draw and color pictures of their favorite type of weather (sunny, rainy, snowy, etc.). They also write or dictate a sentence about their pictures.

nteraction	& Obs	ervatio	n

1---

- Encourage creative expression that relates to experiences which are particularly meaningful to the individual child.
- Nurture language development as you help children record their thoughts through dictation and beginning writing.

### **Materials**

United States or state maps Pointer

Small table for weather desk

and chairs

- Adult clothing
- Toy or pretend microphone

### **Materials**

Small cars, trucks, other vehicles

Various sizes and shapes of

**Materials** 

Pencils, crayons, markers

Manila drawing paper

Weather Cards

building blocks Paper, pencils

#### **Social Studies**

Becomes aware of common symbols in the community

#### **Fine Motor Skills**

Demonstrates control, strength, and dexterity to manipulate objects

#### **Emergent Writing**

Uses scribbles/writing to convey meaning

Uses drawing to convey meaning

### WEEK11 • CENTERS

#### Science

Investigates states of matter

Shows curiosity by asking questions and seeking information

Uses tools and equipment to explore objects

### Math

Duplicates identical patterns with at least two elements

Describes objects according to characteristics or attributes

Uses rules to create and extend repeating patterns

## **Discovery Center**

**Activity** — Children experiment with ways to make rain by pouring water through strainers, colanders, etc. with holes in various sizes.

### Interaction & Observation

- Water play is soothing for children, as they don't have to worry about a final product. They can relax and center their attention on the task of simply exploring and enjoying the properties of water.
- Discuss the size of the "raindrops" with children as they experiment.
- Encourage the children to think and talk about what they are doing and seeing.

## **Math Center**

**Activity** — Children use various manipulatives and work together or alone to create ab/ab/ab patterns in two colors, then abc/abc/abc patterns in three colors.

### Materials

- Interlocking cubes, links or
  - small wooden blocks in

various colors

### Interaction & Observation

- Ask key questions as children work with beginning patterns, such as: What would come next in this pattern? Can you show me more of this pattern? How could you read this pattern? (red/blue, red/blue) What is another way to read this pattern? (ab/ab/ab)
- To gather information regarding how children understand and extend patterns, begin a simple pattern and children chant the pattern as they copy it. Encourage them to continue the pattern for the length of the table, or their arms, etc.
- As children grasp the ab/ab/ab sequence, extend the pattern.



## Gathering

Review the names of the children who are present and those who are absent.

Children place the appropriate Weather Card on the Weather Board for *Today's Weather, Our Prediction,* and *Tomorrow's Weather Forecast.* 

Review the names of the days of the week. Children identify and mark the date.

## **Morning Meeting**

## Warm Up Your Brain

Play "Gingerbread Boy Says" (a variation of "Simon Says").

Use the following sample actions and/or add some of your own. Children listen for the words "Gingerbread Boy Says" before deciding whether or not to perform the actions.

- Cross your arms, rest your right hand on your left shoulder and your left hand on right shoulder.
- Twist at your waist several times.
- Hop up and down ten times. Count as you hop.
- Do five jumping jacks. Count as you jump.

## **Introduce Weather**

Read and discuss Gingerbread Boy's message.

Say: Listen carefully for the different kinds of weather in this song. Play *Sing-Along* Volume 1 Track 40 "What's the Weather?" Name the Weather Cards as you place them in the middle pocket of a pocket chart.

Place the prepared sentence strip in the top row of the pocket chart.

Say: Here is a sentence that has blanks. It says: I know this is (blank) because (blank). Read with me. Children read, *I know this is* (blank) *because* (blank).

Say: Let's fill in the blanks to finish the sentence. I'll go first.

Select the Weather Card *foggy*. Place the Weather Card in the blank. Say: **Read the sentence with me.** Read *I know this is foggy because* with the children.

# Say: The sentence is still not finished. Let's look at the Weather Card to get an idea of how to finish it. I know! *I know this is foggy because Gingerbread Boy is standing in a low cloud*.

Remove the Weather Card. Say: **Now it's your turn to finish the sentence.** Volunteers repeat the procedure using the remaining Weather Cards. Classmates assist as necessary.

### Materials

Attendance, Weather, and Calendar Routine materials

Calendar Routine materials

Starfall Sing-Along Volume 1Weather Picture Cards: cloudy,

**Materials** 

cold, cool, foggy, rainy, snowy, sunny, windy

Pocket chart

Prepared sentence strip

I like to watch the rain. What's your favorite kind of weather? Your pal, Gingerbread Boy

Science

Observes and describes weather and how it changes

#### Sentences & Structure

Uses sentences with more than one phrase

Combines sentences that give lots of detail, sticks to the topic, and clearly communicates intended meaning



## WEEK 11 Day **One**

### Math

Uses graphs and charts to answer questions

### Science

Observes and describes the weather and how it changes



See Learning Centers for Week 11, pages 254-256. After cleanup, the children gather to share their experiences.

## **Circle Time**



#### Phonological **Awareness**

Identifies rhyming words

Listens for beginning sounds

#### Phonics

Matches some letters to their sounds

#### **Gross Motor Skills**

Distinguishes left from right

## **Phonological Awareness: Rhyming Words**

Indicate Nursery Rhymes page 20. Read "Rain, Rain." Say: Listen again for the words that rhyme. Repeat the nursery rhyme again emphasizing the words *away*, *day*, and *play*. Say: *Away*, *day*, and *play* rhyme. Read the rhyme a third time and leave off these words. Children chime in to complete the lines.

### **Materials**

Grandmother
Starfall Sing-Along Volume 1
Picture Cards: <i>leaf, leg, lion, log</i>
Pocket chart
Washable marker
Starfall's Selected
Nursery Rhymes

Ladybug

I am a small insect.

hurt people.

short legs.

on my back.

I am pretty, and do not

I am oval shaped, with six

Sometimes I have dots

Farmers love me because

*I eat harmful insects.* 

My name is two words put

My name begins with /l/.

together: lady and bug.

## Introduce /I/

Say: Grandmother has a riddle for us. Listen to her clues to solve this riddle. Grandmother reads "Ladybug." The children identify the ladybug to solve the riddle.

Indicate Picture Cards leaf, leq, lion and log. Say: Here is a picture of a lion. Say, lion. Lion begins with /l/. Say /l/.

- Leaf begins with /l/. Say, leaf. Say /l/, leaf.
- Leg begins with /l/. Say, leg. Say /l/, leg.
- Say, log. What sound do you hear at the beginning of log? Right, /l/.

Say: Listen to these two words and tell which one What am I? begins with /l/: lion, puppies. (Children respond, lion.) Right! Lion begins with /l/. (Children repeat, /l/.) Listen again. Which one begins with a /l/: ball, lamb. (Children respond, lamb.)

Say: Let's pretend we are ladybugs and try to catch insects in a farmer's field. (Children quietly crawl around on the floor and pretend to look for insects.) Listen to these words. If you hear /l/ at the beginning, gobble up an insect. If the word doesn't begin with /l/, freeze. Ready? Use: leaf, look, pan, tiger, listen, tent and left.

Grandmother says: Left begins with /l/. Raise your left arm. (Demonstrate by raising your right arm since the children will mirror you.) Print an "L" on each child's left hand. As you mark each hand say: This is your left hand.

Gather children in a circle. Explain that they will sing a song called "Looby Loo." Children determine what sound they hear at the beginning of Looby and Loo. Play Sing-Along Volume 1, Track 19. Children sing "Looby Loo" and follow the directions in the song. Remind them to look at the L on their hands to know which side is their left.

#### Looby Loo

Here we go looby loo Here we go looby light Here we go looby loo All on a Saturday night

Encourage the children to listen for /l/ today.

## **Story Time**

## "Who Likes the Rain?" Graph

Indicate the Weather Picture Card *rainy* and the "Who Likes the Rain?" graph.

Say: This is a picture of a rainy day. Let's use this "Who Likes the Rain?" graph to talk about who likes rain and who doesn't. Read with me. The children read aloud as you indicate each word.

Ask: How many words are in this title? (four) Under the title there are two columns. Indicate the word *yes*. Ask: What is this word? Right, it is *yes*. You can remember it because it has a smiley face next to it. If you like rain you will write your name under *yes*.

Ask: What is the other word? Right, it is *no*. You can remember it because there is a sad face. If you don't like rain, you will write your name under *no*. Several children at a time write their names in the appropriate columns. Discuss the results when the graph is complete.

Tell the children to partner up and sit criss-cross, knee to knee. Say: **If I tap your head you are partner one.** Tap one child in each pair.

Say: Partners one, raise your hands. Tell your partner if you like rain and why. If you don't like rain, tell your partner why you don't like rain. Begin.

After a short time say: Wiggle your nose if you can hear me. Partners two, raise your hands. It's your turn to share. Begin.

After a short time, say: Wiggle your nose if you can hear me. Let's give a big rocket cheer for a great job sharing!

## **Small Group & Exploration**

## Who, Where, When, What, Why, and How

Read *Who Likes the Rain?* For each illustration, ask *who, where, when, what, why,* and *how* questions. Encourage

children to use specific language to label the pictures. Identify vocabulary, even words that may not be represented in the text. Review those words at the end of the session.

Sample questions for pages two and three:

- What animal do you see in this picture? (yellow duck with red rubbers)
- What is another name for 'rubbers'? (rain boots)
- Why do you think they are called rubbers? (They are made from rubber.)
- Why is the duck wearing his red rain boots?
- Where is the duck? (outside)
- How do you know the duck is outside? (mud, bushes and puddle)
- Do you think it's still raining? How do you know?

### Materials

Weather Picture Card: rainy

Materials

adapted from the poem by

Who Likes the Rain?

Clara Doty Bates

Prepared "Who Likes the Rain?" graph

Pencil or marker

Print/Book Awareness

Counts words

#### Math

Uses graphs and charts to answer questions

#### Conversation

Demonstrates knowledge of verbal conversational rules



The "Who Likes the Rain?" graph will be used <sup>again</sup> on **Day 2**.

#### Comprehension

Makes connections using illustrations/ photos, prior knowledge, real-life experiences

#### Vocabulary

Uses illustrations to find the meaning of unknown words



## WEEK 11 Day **TWO**

#### Science

Observes and describes weather and how it changes

#### **Social Studies**

Begins to categorize time intervals

I loved the poem "Who Likes the Rain?" Can you add my name to your graph under 'yes?'

Love,

Gingerbread Boy

#### Science

Participates in scientific investigations

Investigates states of matter

Explores the characteristics of clouds



### Materials

Attendance, Weather, and

Calendar Routine materials

Review the names of the children who are present and those who are absent.

Children place the appropriate Weather Card on the Weather Board for *Today's Weather, Our Prediction,* and *Tomorrow's Weather Forecast.* 

Children check yesterday's prediction and forecast tomorrow's weather.

Review the names of the days of the week. Children identify and mark the date.

## **Morning Meeting**

## Warm Up Your Brain

Play "Freeze-a-Roo."

Name a motion (hop, walk, jump, gallop, run) for the children to perform. Play your music choice, and pause it periodically. When the music stops, children freeze.

Materials
Music of your choice
"Who Likes the Rain?" graph
from Day 1
Cloud Experiment Materials:
glass jar with a piece of black
paper cut to fit around the
bottom third of it, tape, hot tap
water, a match, and ice cubes
in a plastic bag

## **How Clouds Are Formed**

Read and discuss Gingerbread Boy's message.

Review the graph from **Day 1**. Add Gingerbread Boy's name in the "yes" column. Children count the votes and determine which response received the most and the fewest names.

Ask: Did you know that when you look at a cloud you are really looking at water? Little water droplets form into clouds when warm air heated by the sun meets the cooler, damp air coming up off the ground. The water droplets are so small and light they can float in the air. When enough water droplets gather together, they get too heavy to float, so they fall down as rain.

Perform the following experiment to demonstrate how a cloud is formed.

- Tape the piece of black paper around the bottom third of the jar.
- Fill the jar with hot water and let it sit for about a minute. Pour out all but an inch of the water.
- Light the match and hold it over the jar opening for a few seconds. Drop the match into the water and quickly put the plastic bag of ice cubes over the top of the jar.

Explain: The warm water and the match heated the air inside the jar. The warm, wet air rose up to the top of the jar and ran into the cold air just below the ice cubes. When the warm, wet air met the cold, wet air they created a cloud of water droplets and formed an instant cloud!

Engage children in a discussion about the experiment.

## LEARNING CENTERS

See Learning Centers for **Week 11**, pages 254-256. After cleanup, the children gather to share their experiences.

**Materials** 

Two connect cubes or chips

ABC for Gingerbread Boy and Me by Starfall

Grandmother

Letter Card LI

Star

for each child and teacher

## **Circle Time**

## Phonological Awareness: Compound Words

Say: Listen to these two words and put them together to make a new word. Ready? lady/bug (ladybug)

Distribute two cubes or chips to each child.

Say: Put your cubes together. Say *leapfrog*. Do you hear two words in one? Let's take the word apart: *leap*, (Hold up one of your cubes.) *frog*, (Hold up your

other cube.) *leapfrog.* What should you do with your cubes now? **Right, put them back together. Let's try some more.** Repeat with *lifeguard, lighthouse,* and *lookout.* 

## Introduce *LI*

Indicate Letter Card *Ll*. Say: **This is the letter** *LI***.** (Children repeat, *L*.) **One** *L* **is uppercase and one** *I* **is lowercase, but both letters are** *LI***. The letter** *LI* **stands for** */***I***/* (the *Ll* sound). **Each time I touch the letter** *LI*, **say** */***I***/*. Touch the Letter Card several times, quickly and slowly and children say */***I***/*.

Say: Let's skywrite uppercase *L*. (demonstrate) Now, let's skywrite lowercase *l*. (demonstrate) Now, find a partner. (Children find partners.) Take turns and use your finger to write uppercase *L* on your partner's back! After they have done this several times say: Now write lowercase *l*.

Indicate the star. Ask: **Who can find the letter** *LI* **on the Alphabet Chart?** A volunteer identifies *LI* and attaches the star on or above the Wall Letter Card.

Indicate ABC for Gingerbread Boy and Me. Say: Here are some pictures of things that begin with Ll.

- Identify each picture. Children repeat.
- Isolate the beginning sound (example: *ladybug*, /l/).
- Indicate the word below each picture. Say: Here is the picture, and here is the word that names the picture.
- Discriminate between picture/word. (example: Point to the picture of the ladybug. Point to the word, *ladybug*.)

Encourage children to bring items, (or pictures of items), from home that begin with /l/.

## LI

WEEK 11 • DAY 2

#### Phonological Awareness

Combines words to make compound words

#### Phonics

Matches some letters to their sounds

#### **Print Awareness**

Connects oral language and print Phonological Awareness

Identifies rhyming words

### Comprehension

Identifies sequence of events

Makes connections using illustrations/ photos, prior knowledge, reallife experiences



## **Story Time**

## Sequence Who Likes the Rain?

Indicate *Nursery Rhymes* page 20. Read and discuss "It's Raining, It's Pouring."

Indicate *Who Likes the Rain?* Say: **Yesterday we talked about who in our class likes the rain. Today we will read a poem that tells how others feel about rain.**  Materials

 Who Likes the Rain?

 Who Likes the Rain?

 Picture Cards

 Pocket chart

 Starfall's Selected

 Nursery Rhymes

The title is Who Likes the Rain? Clara Doty Bates wrote the poem.

Picture-walk through the book and discuss the illustrations.

Place the *Who Likes the Rain?* Picture Cards in the middle of a pocket chart in random order. Say: **Let's match these pictures to the poem.** Indicate the cover of the book. Ask: **Who can find the picture that matches the cover of the book?** Place the cover Picture Card in the top row of the pocket chart.

Say: Let's play a game. I will begin reading the poem. When you see a Picture Card that matches the page, give a thumbs up. Let's practice. Give a thumbs up! The children do this.

Read *Who Likes the Rain?*. Each time children identify a page that matches a Picture Card, a volunteer locates the card and places it at the top row of the pocket chart in sequence after the cover card. Continue until all pictures are placed in order. Say: **Let's give ourselves a big rocket cheer!** 

## **Small Group & Exploration**

## **Make Weather Plates**

Distribute paper plates. Say: **Your plate is divided into four parts. Let's count them.** (Children indicate each section as you count them together.) **Let's turn these into** *weather plates*.

The children draw one weather picture in each section. Demonstrate how to clip the clothespin onto the plate to match the various weather pictures to the current weather.

### Materials

Weather Picture Cards: *cloudy*,

rainy, snowy, sunny

- A paper plate for each child,
  - sectioned into fourths
- Clothespin for each child
- Pencils, crayons, markers

**Creative Arts** 

Shows care and

of art projects

describes weather

and how it changes

**Science** Observes and

persistence in a variety

## Gathering

Review the names of the children who are present and those who are absent.

Children place the appropriate Weather Card on the Weather Board. They check yesterday's prediction and forecast tomorrow's weather.

Review the names of the days of the week. Children identify and mark the date.

## **Morning Meeting**

## Warm Up Your Brain

Indicate Nursery Rhymes pages 8 and 9, "The Eensy Weensy Spider." Children say the rhyme together.

Play the Nursery Rhymes Audio CD, Track 6. The children pretend to be spiders. They:

- climb up a spout
- fall to the floor
- look up at the sun
- begin to climb again

## Weather: Cause and Effect

Plan for the children to observe the clouds after this lesson. If there are no clouds in the sky, postpone the activity.

Read and discuss Gingerbread Boy's message.

Display the Weather Cards in a pocket chart. Refer to them during the following discussion. Explain: Many kinds of weather are caused by water. Discuss the formation of each type of weather as it is named.

cloudy	water droplets that collect in the sky
foggy	a cloud that is very low to the ground
rainy	water droplets that fall from the clouds
snowy	water that freezes into crystals called snowflakes
windy	air moves and sometimes blows off your hat

Say: When something happens to the water in the air it has an effect on the weather. This is called *cause* and *effect*. Children repeat *cause* and *effect*. Distribute a cotton ball to each child. Say: How does the cotton ball feel? Does it feel heavy or light? Accept responses, then continue: Let's see what happens

## **Materials**

Attendance, Weather, and Calendar Routine materials

**Materials** 

Rhymes (Book and Audio CD)

Weather Picture Cards: *cloudy*,

foggy, rainy, snowy, windy

Cotton ball for each child

Container of water

Pocket chart

Starfall's Selected Nursery

Uses graphs and charts to answer questions

#### Science

Math

Observes and describes the weather and how it changes

> I loved the cloud experiment. Have you ever watched clouds move in the sky? Your friend,

Gingerbread Boy

#### Science

Participates in scientific investigations

Explores the characteristics of clouds

#### Comprehension

Recognizes cause and effect



## WEEK 11 Day Three

### WEEK 11 • DAY 3

when we put the cotton ball into the water. Each child dips his or her cotton ball into the water. When they remove them, they notice the change in weight and observe the cotton ball is dripping.

Say: The cotton ball is like a cloud. When a cloud collects more water than it can hold, the water falls out, and it rains. If the air outside is very, very cold, the water droplets freeze on the way down and turn to hailstones, sleet, or snow.

Ask: Which Weather Card shows weather that is not caused by water? The children identify the *wind* card. Continue: Have you ever watched clouds move? What do you think causes the clouds to move? (Accept responses.) Let's go outside and watch the wind move the clouds!

See Learning Centers for **Week 11**, pages 254-256. After cleanup, the children gather to share their experiences.

## **Circle Time**

LEARNING

**CENTERS** 

## Phonemic Awareness: Blending CVC Words

Say: Listen to these sounds: /l/ /a/ /p/. Now you say them. (Children repeat /l/ /a/ /p/.) Let's blend those sounds together to make a word: /l/ /a/ /p/, *lap*. Repeat using /t/ /a/ /p/ (tap), /n/ /a/ p/ (nap), /p/ /a/ /t/ (pat), and /s/ /a/ /t/ (sat).

Μ	a	te	?r	ia	ls

ABC for Gingerbread Boy

and Me by Starfall

Chart paper, marker

Starfall American Sign

Language Poster

Pocket chartGrandmother

Upper and Lowercase Letter

Cards: Aa, Bb, Ll, Nn, Pp, Ss, Tt

## List *LI* Words, ASL *LI*

Children show and describe pictures or items they brought from home that begin with /l/.

Indicate ABC for Gingerbread Boy and Me. Review the LI pictures and words.

Say: Let's make a list of words that begin with the letter *LI*. Indicate the chart paper. I'll write the words on this chart paper so we don't forget them. Start with children's names that begin with *LI*, then accept suggestions. Children circle the *LI* in their words after you write them.

Demonstrate the ASL sign for *Ll*. Say: **This is** *Ll* **in sign language.** Children form the *Ll* hand sign.

Sing "Where Is /l/?" Each time /l/ is used, the children make the *Ll* hand sign.

Place Letter Card *Aa* in the pocket chart. Grandmother asks: What is the name of this letter? What sound does *Aa* stand for? (Children respond.) I'm having trouble remembering sign language. Can you help me? Show me the hand sign for *Aa*. (Children do this.) Repeat for *Bb*, *Nn*, *Pp*, *Ss*, and *Tt*. Where Is /I/? Melody: ("Where Is Thumbkin?")

Where is /l/? Where is /l/? Here I am. Here I am. L stands for /l/ in ladybug and love /l/ /l/, LI, LI, LI

#### **Phonemic Awareness**

Blends three phonemes

#### Phonics

Matches some letters with their sounds



### WEEK 11 • DAY 3

## **Story Time**

## Teacher's Literature Choice: Rain

Indicate your choice of book about rain. Introduce the author and illustrator. Picture-walk through the book as volunteers discuss illustrations and predict what will happen next.

Read the book choosing volunteers to indicate where the text begins on each page. Pause to briefly introduce new vocabulary as it is introduced.

Indicate the chart paper and read the title. Say: Let's think of the many, different ways rain is important. I'll write your ideas on the chart paper so we don't forget them. First, rain gives us water to drink. I'll write "drinking" on our chart. What are other ways rain is important?

Write the names of the children who respond in parentheses to encourage others. If children have difficulty responding, provide time to partner share. Review the responses, then post the chart in the classroom.

## **Small Group & Exploration**

## **Create Weather Patterns**

Indicate and name the *sunny* and *rainy* Weather Cards. Say: Let's make a pattern. A pattern is when things repeat in the same order. We'll start with the *sunny* Weather Card. (Place the Picture Card in the pocket chart.) Next, we'll put a *rainy* Weather Card. (Do this.)

Since a pattern means to repeat in the same order, if we have sunny, then rainy, what card should come next? Right, sunny again. What's next? (rainy) Children continue to place Weather Cards in a pattern.

Explain that this is called an AB pattern because it has two parts; part A is *sunny* and part B is *rainy*. Say: Let's try another AB pattern. This time let's start with rainy. Children repeat the activity and reverse the pattern.

Ask: **If an AB pattern has two parts, how many parts would an ABC pattern have? Let's try one!** Use *sunny, rainy,* and *cloudy.* 

Draw *sunny* and then *rainy* on a whiteboard, and choose a volunteer to draw what would come next in the pattern (cloudy).

Distribute drawing paper, pencils, and crayons. Children produce their own AB or ABC patterns using the Weather Picture Cards as models.



Modify

If children need more practice producing AB patterns, continue creating patterns using the weather pictures.

Materials
Weather Cards (3 sets):
rainy, sunny, cloudy
Pocket chart or table
Drawing paper
Pencils, crayons

**Materials** 

Teacher's choice of book

about rain
Prepared chart paper

Marker

#### Math

Uses rules to create and extend repeating patterns



### Comprehension

Recalls information from stories

#### Emergent Writing

Contributes to a shared writing experience or topic of interest

## WEEK 11 Day **Four**

#### Math

Uses graphs and charts to answer questions

#### Science

Makes and verifies predictions

I love the wind! If we didn't have wind, kites wouldn't fly! Have you ever flown a kite?

Your pal, Gingerbread Boy

#### Science

Participates in scientific investigations

Observes and describes various ways objects move

Collects, describes and records information

#### Math

Collects and sorts materials to be graphed

## Gathering

Review the names of the children who are present and those who are absent.

Children place the appropriate Weather Card on the Weather Board. They check yesterday's prediction and forecast tomorrow's weather.

Review the names of the days of the week. Children identify and mark the date.

## **Morning Meeting**

## Warm Up Your Brain

Play "Teacher May We?" Name an action and children ask "Teacher, may we?" before they move. You answer, "Yes, you may!"

Use the following actions, or make your own. Children:

- Cross their arms and rest their right hands on their left shoulders, and their left hands on their right
- Twist at the waist several times
- Hop up and down and count to ten
- Do jumping jacks and count to five

## "Will the Wind Blow?" Graph

Read and discuss Gingerbread Boy's message.

Indicate the graph and read the title, "Will the Wind Blow It?"

Ask: Have you ever seen leaves move in the wind? Leaves are not heavy so the wind can move them. Can the wind move a building? Why not?

## Say: Let's do an experiment to see which objects the wind can move! We'll make predictions first then we will use a fan to check if we were correct.

Name an object and children predict if the wind will blow it. Turn on the fan and drop the object directly in front of it. Tape the object or draw a simple picture of it on the graph in the appropriate column. Repeat for several different objects and review the results.

Indicate the uninflated balloon. Say: I wonder if this balloon can move by itself. Place the balloon on a table. Continue: What could we do to this balloon to make it move? Right, we could add air to the inside. Blow up the balloon, then let it go. Explain that air inside the balloon is like wind. Wind is just air that is moving.

- Materials

   Prepared "Will the Wind

   Blow It?" graph

   Portable fan

   Objects to test: feather, straw,

   tissue, small piece of paper,

   marker, pencil, scissors, small toy

   Tape
- Balloon (not inflated)

### Materials

Attendance, Weather, and

Calendar Routine materials

## LEARNING CENTERS

See Learning Centers for **Week 11**, pages 254-256. After cleanup, the children gather to share their experiences.

## **Circle Time**

### Materials

List of *LI* words from **Day 3** 

Grandmother

Phonological Awareness: Counting Words

Say: Let's be word detectives! Listen to this sentence: *I saw a ladybug*. (Children repeat.) Listen again. Repeat the sentence. Ask: How many words did you hear? Let's check to see if you are correct. Select volunteers to represent each word in the sentence. Stand behind each child as the sentence is repeated. Children count the words in the sentence.

Repeat for "It is sunny.""I like the rain." and "Can you see the cloud?"

## Introduce Final /I/

Children show and describe pictures or items they brought from home that begin with /l/.

Indicate the list of *LI* words from **Day 3**. Say: **Let's look at words that begin with** *LI***.** Review the list. Ask: **Can you think of any other words you would like to add to the list?** Add additional words.

Ask: Did you know /l/ can be at the beginning of a word *and* it can be at the end of a word? Listen for /l/ in this word: *fall*. Emphasize /l/ at the end. Continue: Now you say it: *fall*. (Children repeat, *fall*.)

Children stand and face partners. Partner with a child if necessary. Say: Listen to these words. If you hear /l/ at the end, gently clap your partner's hands. Overemphasize /l/ in the following words: *Jill, apple, bell, cat, pop, fall,* and *lunch*.

Say: *Little*. (Children repeat, *little*.) What do you notice about the word *little*? Right, it begins and ends with /l/!

#### Phonological Awareness

Distinguishes individual words within spoken phrases or sentences

#### Phonics

Isolates ending sound

#### Vocabulary

Discusses words and word meanings

#### Comprehension

Recalls important facts of information text

#### Math

Becomes familiar with standard and nonstandard measuring tools and their uses



## **Story Time**

## Introduce Thermometers

Indicate *Thermometers*. Say: **This is a nonfiction book called** *Thermometers*. It's nonfiction because it provides information. Let's read to learn about thermometers. Read and discuss *Thermometers*.

### Say: Let's see how a thermometer works!

- Indicate and discuss the containers of water.
- Indicate a thermometer and discuss the line in the center. Explain that as things get hotter, the red line goes up. As they get colder, the red line goes down.

### Materials

- Thermometers by Stephen Schutz
   Several different kinds
   of thermometers
   (meat, body, weather)
   Optional: Two see-through
   containers (one with hot water
   and one with cold water and
   ice cubes)
- Place the thermometer in each container and observe the results.

## Ask: If it is sunny outside is the temperature hot or cold? What would the red line on the thermometer do? Repeat for snowy.

Discuss how a thermometer can also be used to measure body temperature. Explain that body temperature normally stays the same, but when you are sick your temperature goes up and you may need to visit a doctor.

## **Small Group & Exploration**

## **Create Rainy Day Illustrations**

#### **Creative Arts**

Creates original work Explores visual materials and activities Children draw pictures of themselves holding umbrellas outside on a rainy day. They do not draw the rain. After the pictures are colored, children write their names on their papers. Demonstrate how to use the spray bottle. Children spray their paintings with watered-down blue paint to create rain.

Materials
White drawing paper for
each child
Crayons (Markers won't work.)
Spray bottle filled with blue
watered-down tempera paint
Newspaper

## Gathering

Review the names of the children who are present and those who are absent.

Children place the appropriate Weather Card on the Weather Board. They check yesterday's prediction and forecast tomorrow's weather.

Review the names of the days of the week. Children identify and mark the date.

## **Morning Meeting**

## Warm Up Your Brain

Say: Pretend you went to the doctor and the doctor said that you needed to rest to get better. Let's practice a good way to rest.

Sit up tall, cross-legged on the floor. Put your palms together in front of your chest. Take a deep breath. Let it out slowly and relax. Close your eyes and listen to the music. (Play *Star Writer Melodies*, any track.) Remind children to continue to take deep breaths.

## Weather Riddles

Read and discuss Gingerbread Boy's message.

Identify and distribute the Weather Picture Cards. Partner children if necessary. Children place the answers to the riddles in the pocket chart as you read Gingerbread Boy's riddles.

Cloudy	There are many groups of water droplets in the sky and sometimes you can't see the sun. What's the weather?	
Cold & Clear	It's cold outside but it is not raining or snowing. The sky is blue. What's the weather?	<b>*</b>
Cool	It is not cold or hot. You might need a light jacket or sweater. What's the weather?	
Foggy	Clouds make it hard to see because they are close to the ground. What's the weather?	
Rainy	Water droplets from the sky are falling on you! What's the weather?	

### Materials

Attendance, Weather, and

Calendar Routine materials

**Materials** 

Weather Picture Cards: *cloudy*,

Starfall Sing-Along Volume 1

cold & clear, cool, foggy, rainy,

Star Writer Melodies

sunny, windy

Pocket chart

Uses one-to-one correspondence to determine "how many"

### Science

Math

Observes and describes the weather and how it changes

Makes and verifies predictions

I have learned so much about weather this week! Try to solve the weather riddles I wrote. Love,

Gingerbread Boy

#### Comprehension

Makes connections using illustrations/ photos, prior knowledge, reallife experiences

Recognizes cause and effect

# Day Five

### WEEK 11 • DAY 5

Snowy	There are cold, soft, white flakes falling from the sky, like frozen rain. What's the weather?	*
Sunny	The sun is out and you feel hot and sweaty. What's the weather?	
Windy	Leaves move, kites fly and sometimes your hat blows away! What's the weather?	

Play Sing-Along Volume 1 Track 40. Children sing "What's the Weather?"

**Phonological Awareness: Rhyming Words** 

Say: I'm thinking of an animal with whiskers and a

long tail. This animal likes to catch mice. Its name

Continue: **Try this one. I'm thinking of an animal** 

and sometimes it likes to eat honey. Its name

rhymes with hair. What animal is it? (bear)

that sleeps through the long winter. It is very large,

rhymes with pat. What animal is it? (cat)

Observe &

If necessary, adjust the riddles to meet the needs of your group.

Modify

LEARNING CENTERS

See Learning Centers for **Week 11**, pages 254-256. After cleanup, the children gather to share their experiences.

## **Circle Time**

### Materials

Grandmother Gingerbread Boy

- Picture Cards Set 1: *alligator*,
  - apple, bear, book, ladybug,
- lamp, net, nose, pan, puppies, skateboard, sun, tent, tiger
- Picture Cards Set 2: leaf, leg,
- lion, log
- Pocket chart

Here's one more. I'm thinking of another animal that is an insect. It is very small and usually red or orange with seven black dots on its back. The last part of its name rhymes with *rug*. What animal is it? (ladybug)

## **Match Initial Sounds**

Arrange the Picture Cards (Set 1) face down in the pocket chart. Grandmother says: Let's play a matching game. Maybe Gingerbread Boy can help us. Reveal a Picture Card, name it, and a volunteer determines the beginning sound. Grandmother says: Now your job is to find another picture that begins with the same sound. If the picture you choose begins with the same sound, you've made a match. Children continue to match pictures by their beginning sounds. When a match is made, Gingerbread Boy holds the cards and the volunteer chooses the next child.





#### Phonological Awareness

Identifies rhyming words

Social/Emotional Development

Works with others to solve problems

#### Phonics

Recognizes/names some letter sounds

Gather children in a semi-circle. Volunteers name the Picture Cards *leaf, leg, lion,* and *log,* as you place them on the floor. Say: **Look closely at these things that begin with /l/. I will take one away and you name the card that is missing. Ready? Close your eyes.** Remove one of the Picture Cards. The children open their eyes and name the Picture Card that was removed. Repeat with other cards.

Sing "Where Is /l/?"

## **Story Time**

## Teacher's Literature Choice: Weather

Indicate your choice of book about the weather. Discuss the author and illustrator of your book. Picture-walk as children discuss the illustrations and what they see happening on each page. Read the book. Briefly introduce new vocabulary as it is encountered. Ask and answer questions about the book.

## **Small Group & Exploration**

There are no formal lessons planned for **Day 5**. Use this time to conduct individual conferences or make up activities with children who might have been absent or need additional practice with skills.

#### Where Is /I/?

Melody: ("Where Is Thumbkin?")

Where is /l/? Where is /l/? Here I am. Here I am. L stands for /l/ in ladybug and love /l/ /l/ /l, Ll, Ll

### Materials

Teacher's choice of book

about weather

#### Comprehension

Recalls information from stories

Uses illustration clues to predict