If you have questions or comments, please contact us.

Email: helpdesk@starfall.com Phone: 1-888-857-8990 or 303-417-6414 Fax: 1-800-943-6666 or 303-417-6434







Begin with free reading and math activities for computers and mobile devices.
 Discover even more interactive activities with a Starfall membership!
 Shop at store.starfall.com for curricula and educational products.

Starfall Education Foundation P.O. Box 359, Boulder, CO 80306 U.S.A.

Email: helpdesk@starfall.com

Fax: 1-800-943-6666 or 303-417-6434

Copyright © 2013, 2017 by Starfall Education. All rights reserved. Starfall® and Starfall.com® are registered trademarks in the US, the European Union, and various other countries.

Phone: 1-888-857-8990 or 303-417-6414



Week 19: Let's Build It! **Overview & Preparation** 436 **Learning Centers** 440 Day 1 Things I Can Build443 Day 2 Building Words......447 Introduce *Ww*, List *Ww* Words, ASL *Ww*448 Sequence The Three Little Pigs449 Day 3 Compare Versions of *The Three Little Pigs*452 Day 4 What Happens After453 Introduce *Hh*, List *Hh* Words, ASL *Hh*.....454 Day 5 Three Little Pigs Puppet Show456 Review Letters and Sounds457

Dramatize The Three Little Pigs......458

Week 19: Let's Build It!

This week you will teach the children about building materials and construction through the story of *The Three Little Pigs*. The children will also:

- practice blending onsets and rimes and consonant/vowel/consonant words
- learn /w/ and /h/ and identify initial /w/ and initial /h/ words

AA A

- rediscover the folk tale literary style
- build houses from straw, sticks, or paper bricks
- discuss beginning, middle, and end
- count and clap words in sentences
- learn how to measure the height of a construction
- make paper bag character puppets
- dramatize The Three Little Pigs

Starfall Books & Other Media

The Three Little Pigs as told by Brandi Chase

The Three Little Pigs Sequence Cards

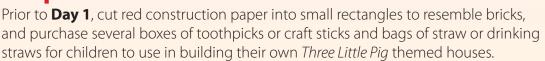
ABC for Gingerbread Boy and Me by Starfall

Starfall American Sign Language Poster

Starfall Sing-Along Volume 2

Starfall's Selected Nursery Rhymes

Preparation



Day One

Morning Meeting — Have sticky notes available, and prepare a chart paper with this sentence stem: *I can build a* (blank).

Circle Time — You will need a ball of white yarn for use in creating a web.

Story Time — Have straw, sticks and a brick available to demonstrate building materials.

Small Group — Divide a sheet of chart paper into three columns labeled *Straw*, *Sticks*, and *Bricks*. Attach the corresponding Picture Cards next to the labels.

Day Two

Circle Time — Prepare two sentence strips: *The spider is weaving a web.; The spider catches flies in the web.*

Small Group — Prepare a large construction paper rectangle for each child. Have the chart paper materials list from **Day 1** available.





Hh

Three Little Pigs

Day Three

Morning Meeting — Use blocks to build a tower that is taller than Gingerbread Boy and place it on a tray. Tape together paper strips to create a nonstandard measurement.

Story Time — Have an alternate version of The Three Little Pigs available for comparison. Suggestions include:

- The Three Little Pigs by Paul Galdone
- The Three Little Pigs by Sally Bell
- The Three Little Pigs by James Marshall

Optional: After comparing stories from the little pig's perspective, choose and compare a version told from the wolf's point of view, such as:

- The True Story of the Three Little Pigs by Jon Scieszka
- The Three Little Wolves and the Big Bad Pig by Eugene Trivizas

Small Group — You will need a lunch-sized paper bag for each child, and pink, gray and black construction paper for creating character puppets.

Day Four

Story Time — Choose a book about construction. Suggestions include:

- The Construction Alphabet Book by Jerry Pallotta
- Building a House by Byron Barton
- One Big Building: A Counting Book About Construction by Michael Dahl

Small Group — Have the response list from today's Morning Meeting available.

Dav Five

Morning Meeting — Choose music for "Freeze-a-Roo."

Snack Suggestion

Children construct their own snacks using graham crackers, bread, or toast squares as building blocks, and cream cheese, peanut butter, or softened cheese spread as cement.

Outside Activity

Follow the Leader

Choose a child to be the leader. The leader performs actions of his or her choice as others follow along. The leader chooses a new leader after several minutes.

Wolf's Dinner Time

Starfall |Pre||K

Choose a child to be the wolf, who stands about fifteen feet away with his or her back to the other children. The children ask, "What is the time, Mr. Wolf?" The wolf faces them and shouts a time and the children take the corresponding number of steps toward him or her.

Play continues until the group gets close to the wolf and instead of a time, he or she shouts "Dinner time!" and chases the children back to the starting point. The first child the wolf catches becomes the next wolf.

Gross Motor Skills

Combines a sequence of large motor skills

Math

Verbally counts in sequence

Uses one-to-one correspondence to determine "how many

Do you like to build things? Your pal, Gingerbread Boy Day

I had the best time last night building a

bridge with blocks.

I loved the beginning, middle, and end of The Three Little Pigs. My favorite was the end. I was surprised! Love,

Gingerbread Boy

11.1

I built a big tower last night with blocks. It is taller than I am! Your friend. Gingerbread Boy

Day 4

Day 3

I love the ending of The Three Little Pigs when the pigs and wolf became friends. I wonder what they did together.

Your pal.

Gingerbread Boy



I would love to see you perform the story of The Three Little Pigs. I could be your audience. Love.

Gingerbread Boy



WEEK 19	Day One	Day TWO		
GATHERING ROUTINE				
Morning Meeting	Gingerbread Boy's Message "I can build…"	Gingerbread Boy's Message Beginning, middle, end (blend letters into words) Review <i>a, b, e, f, m, n, o, p, w</i>		
	LEARNING	CENTERS		
Circle Time Story Time	Phonological Awareness: Blend onset and rime Introduce and listen for /w/ Create a yarn web "Web" riddle "Eensy, Weensy Spider" Building materials The Three Little Pigs Vocabulary: inexpensive, siblings,	Phonological Awareness: Words in a sentence Introduce Ww Introduce ASL sign for Ww List initial /w/ words ABC for Gingerbread Boy and Me Sing "Where Is /w/?" The Three Little Pigs Beginning, middle, end of story The Three Little Pigs		
Small Group & Exploration	sticks, straw, bricks, sturdy Lighter/Heavier Choose building materials	Sequence Cards Build houses		

	GATHERIN	G ROUTINE
Gingerbread Boy's Message "The Builder Song" Measure height Compare heights of structures	Gingerbread Boy's Message "The More We Get Together" <i>The Three Little Pigs</i>	Gingerbread Boy's Message Practice for dramatization with paper bag puppets
	LEARNING	CENTERS
Phonemic Awareness: Blend Consonant/Vowel/Consonant 'Helicopter" riddle Introduce and listen for /h/ 'Humpty Dumpty" The Three Little Pigs Compare and contrast alternate story versions	Phonological Awareness: Syllables in Words Introduce <i>Hh</i> Introduce ASL sign for <i>Hh</i> List initial /h/ words <i>ABC for Gingerbread Boy and Me</i> Sing "Where Is /h/?" Teacher's Literature Choice: Construction "Cathy's Hammers" Vocabulary: construct	Phonological Awareness: Blend onset and rime "Wee Willie Winkie" Listen for initial /w/ "Humpty Dumpty" Alphabetical order Match Picture Cards to initial letters "This Little Piggy Went to Market" Dramatize <i>The Three Little Pigs</i>
Make paper bag character puppets	Illustrate and write or dictate sentences about a play date with the pigs or wolf	Complete projects or conduct observations and individual assessments

4

WEEK 19 LEARNING CENTERS

Media & Technology

Uses technology to explore and review information

Enjoys electronic forms of storybooks and informational texts

Math

Recognizes numerals

Creative Arts

Creates original work

Shows care and persistence in a variety of art projects

Fine Motor Skills

Demonstrates control, strength, and dexterity to manipulate objects

Media & Technology

Enjoys electronic forms of storybooks and informational texts

Motivation for Reading

Enjoys reading and reading-related activities



Activity — Children enjoy *Math*: Numbers, "3," review /k/ and reinforce /w/ at *ABCs*: "K," and "W."

Interaction & Observation

Computer Center

- Encourage children to explore numbers 0-10 in the *Math* section as well as the counting songs.
- As you visit the Computer Center, notice whether children understand what *three* (or any number) really means. For example, look for signs that indicate they recognize *three* can be represented by the numeral 3, the word *three*, or a set of three objects.

Art Center

Activity — Children create their own little pigs using pink paint. Have black markers available for eyes and other details.

Display illustrations of pigs in the Art Center, and give the children freedom to design their own pigs. Suggest they give their pigs names, and assist in writing them on their papers with black markers.

Display the artwork on the classroom walls.

Interaction & Observation

- Allowing children to paint with only one color helps them learn how to use more or less paint on the brush to create lighter and darker shades, and to experience cause and effect.
- Children should experiment with paint rollers, cotton, sponges and craft sticks in addition to paint brushes.

Library Center

- **Preparation** Book suggestions include:
- Oliver Pig and the Best Fort Ever by Jean Van Leeuwen
- Olivia by Ian Falconer
- Pigs by Robert Munsch
- Puddle's ABC (Toot & Puddle) by Holly Hobbie

Activity — Children read and listen the available books.

Interaction & Observation

- Nonfiction books about pigs can help children learn factual information about pigs, such as what they eat, how quickly they grow, why they love to roll in the mud, etc.
- Children gain a better understanding of the world around them through books. They develop their skills in making predictions and cause and effect (e.g., the wolf will blow the house down if the pig builds it with sticks). They also make connections between stories and information they already know.

Materials
Computers set up to access
Starfall.com
Headsets

Materials

Pink tempera paint

Art paper for easel

Black markers



- The Three Little Pigs as told by
 - Brandi Chase (Book & Audio CD)
- Books about pigs and
 - construction

WEEK19 • CENTERS

Dramatic Play Center

Activity — Children drape the sheets or blankets over chairs or small tables as they pretend to build the straw, stick, and brick homes of the little pigs.

They act out the parts of the three pigs and the wolf.

Interaction & Observation

- Place a copy of The Three Little Pigs in the Dramatic Play Center. If you read other versions of the story to the children, add them to the center also.
- Observe how the dramatization changes and listen to the language development that acting out a story can promote.

Construction Center

Activity — Challenge the children to build a home the wolf cannot blow down. When their construction is complete, they measure the height of their houses using nonstandard units of measure such as connect cubes, links, paper strips, or cut-out handprints.

Interaction & Observation

- When interacting with children in the Construction Center, talk about nonstandard measures and ask them what other ways they might measure and compare the height of their buildings.
- Provide paper and pencils for children to record the number of cubes or links they used to measure the height.

Writing Center

Activity — Children pretend they are a fourth pig in the story of The Three Little Pigs. They draw pictures of their own houses and write or dictate a sentence or two about the materials they used to build them.

Combine the pages to create a class book, The Fourth Little Pig, and place it in the Library Center.

Interaction & Observation

- Encourage the children to think of all the different materials they might use to build a house. (mud, leaves, bales of hay)
- Find pictures of houses created from unusual materials to display in this center.
- As you observe children write, notice if they hold their pencils/crayons correctly, whether they write recognizable letters, and whether they are able to hear letter-sound connections. Doing so will help you to better meet their needs in the future.

Ма	ate	rial	s

Sheets, blankets, chairs

Engages in cooperative pretend play with other children

Creative Arts

Represents fantasy and real-life experiences through pretend play

Social/Emotional

willingness to choose

a variety of familiar and new experiences

Works with others

to solve problems

and inventiveness

Demonstrates increased

flexibility, imagination

Development

Demonstrates

Materials

Large and small blocks

Hard hats

Sign that reads

"Construction Zone" Connect cubes, links or other

nonstandard units of measure

Paper, pencils

Materials

Manila paper for each child Pencils, crayons

Emergent Writing

Demonstrates understanding of the connections among their own ideas, experiences, and written expression

Uses scribbles/writing to convey meaning

L	
1	No.



Science

Uses tools and equipment to explore objects

Participates in scientific investigations

Compares, contrasts, and classifies objects and data

Math

Describes relative position from different perspectives

Describes objects according to characteristics or attributes

Discovery Center

Preparation — Turn the empty water table into a hands-on magnetic center for children to experiment with magnetism.

Set out various magnets and containers of nuts, bolts, screws, paper clips, metal and plastic jar lids in the water table.

Activity —Children explore the metal and nonmetal materials with magnets and conduct their own science experiments without directions from you.

Interaction & Observation

- Set up experimentation materials then let children take over to learn simple physical science concepts.
- Explain that they can do scientific experiments and see what happens.
- Children learn cause and effect and arrive at their own conclusions through play.

Math Center

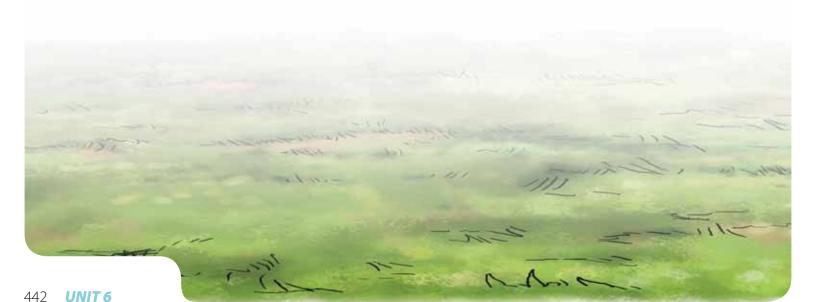
Activity — Children use blocks and/or other building materials, such as small wood or pattern blocks, to build small, medium, and large houses for the three little pigs.

Materials

Building blocks and/or other
 building materials

Interaction & Observation

- Sit with the children as they work and listen to their language as they discuss the concepts of small, medium, and large.
- Engage them in conversation regarding observable attributes such as big, bigger, biggest; small, smaller, smallest; long, longer, longest; short, shorter, shortest.
- Encourage children to use relative position terms such as *The roof is on top of the house* and *I am next to the house*.



Materials

 Empty water table
 Magnets of various sizes, shapes
 Nuts, bolts, screws, paper clips, metal and plastic jar lids

Gathering Routine

Continue this routine as with previous weeks.

Morning Meeting

Warm Up Your Brain

Children stand and recite "Cathy's Hammers" while performing the appropriate actions.

Things I Can Build

Read and discuss Gingerbread Boy's message.

Say: Raise your hand if you like to build things. (Children do this.) What do you like to build? (Volunteers respond.) What did Gingerbread Boy build? Right, he built a bridge. How do we know? (Volunteers respond.) Yes, we know because Gingerbread Boy told us in his message.

Indicate the chart paper.

Say: Here is a sentence that isn't finished. *I can build a* (blank). Since Gingerbread Boy built a bridge, I will write bridge on a sticky note and add it to the sentence. (Do this.) Let's read the sentence now. (Indicate each word as you read it. Children read with you.)

Remove the sticky note and place it under the sentence stem. Ask: **What do you build in the Construction Center?** Choose a volunteer to respond and write his or her response on a sticky note. Add the sticky

note to the sentence stem. The class repeats the sentence stem and the response. Remove the sticky note and repeat for each child.

Encourage children to build different structures during Learning Center time.

Materials
Prepared chart paper
Markers
Sticky notes

Cathy's Hammers

(Make a hammering motion with one fist.) Cathy had one hammer, one hammer, one hammer, Cathy had one hammer, then she had two.

(Make a hammering motion with both fists.) Cathy had two hammers, two hammers, two hammers, Cathy had two hammers, then she had three.

(Make a motion with both fists and one leg.) Cathy had three hammers, three hammers, three hammers, Cathy had three hammers, then she had four.

(Make a motion with both fists and both legs.) Cathy had four hammers, four hammers, four hammers, Cathy had four hammers, then she had five.

(Make a motion with both fists, both legs, and head.) Cathy had five hammers, five hammers, five hammers, Cathy had five hammers, then she went to sleep!

(Pretend you are sleeping.)

Creative Arts

things?

Your pal,

Expresses self through movement

Gingerbread Boy

Emergent Writing

Contributes to a shared writing experience or topic of interest

Print/Book Awareness

Connects oral language and print

Day One

I had the best time last night building a bridge with blocks.

Do you like to build

UNIT 6 443

Place the chart paper in the Construction Center as a reminder.

LEARNING CENTERS

See Learning Centers for **Week 19**, pages 440-442. After cleanup, the children gather to share their experiences.

Materials

- Grandmother
- Starfall's Selected Nursery
 - Rhymes (Book & Audio CD)
- Picture Cards: web, wind,

woman, wood

Ball of white yarn

Web

Introduce /w/

Phonological Awareness:

Blending Onset and Rime

Circle Time

Say: Grandmother has a riddle for us. Listen to her clues to solve the riddle. Grandmother reads the riddle "Web." Children solve the riddle.

Say: Listen to these word parts and then put them

together to say a word: /w/ /ish/ (wish), /w/ /ork/

(work), /w/ /olf/ (wolf), /w/ /ind/ (wind).

Display the Picture Cards web, wind, woman and wood.

Say: Here is a picture of a *web*. Say, *web*. Web begins with /w/. Say /w/. Continue:

- Wind begins with /w/. Say, wind. Say /w/, wind.
- Woman begins with /w/. Say, woman. Say /w/, woman.
- Say, wood. What sound do you hear at the beginning of wood? Right, /w/.

Say: Listen to these two words to tell which one begins with /w/: web, kite. Right, web begins with /w/. (Children repeat, /w/.) Listen again. Which one begins with /w/, ball or worm? (worm)

Say: Wave begins with /w/. (Children repeat, *wave*.) Listen to these words. If you hear /w/ at the beginning of the word, wave your hand. (demonstrate) If the word doesn't begin with /w/, put your hand on your mouth. Ready? Use *water*, *wig*, *kittens*, *spider*, *wagon*, *watermelon*, and *window*.

Indicate Nursery Rhymes pages 8 and 9, "Eensy Weensy Spider."

Children describe the illustrations then you read the text. Repeat the rhyme as children join in. Ask: Which word begins with /w/, *eensy, weensy, or spider*? (weensy) *Weensy* means very little. What might the spider build or weave after the sun comes out? (a web)

Gather children in a circle. Grandmother says: Let's pretend we are spiders spinning webs. We'll use yarn since we aren't real spiders.

With your paraprofessional's assistance:

- Gently toss the ball of yarn to a child on the opposite side of the circle while you hold one end of the yarn.
- Instruct the child to hold part of the yarn and toss the ball to another child. (Each child must continue to hold his or her part of the yarn.)
- Continue until you have formed a web.

Play Nursery Rhymes Audio CD Track 6, "Eensy Weensy Spider."

Encourage children to listen for /w/ today.

Phonological Awareness

Combines onset and rime to form a familiar onesyllable word with and without pictorial support

Listens for beginning sound



I am spun by spiders. I help spiders catch their food. I look like thin thread. My name begins with /w/. What am I?



Children often confuse /w/ with the digraph /hw/ (wh sound). Should this arise, demonstrate how /hw/ (wh) requires a puff of air from the mouth to be said properly.

Story Time

Introduce The Three Little Pigs

Say: We have talked about different things we could

build. (Indicate the straw.) This is straw. (Children repeat,

straw.) Birds might use *straw* to build nests. What could you build with *straw*? (Volunteers respond.)

Indicate the sticks. Continue: **These are** *sticks***.** (Children repeat, *sticks*.) **What could you build with** *sticks***?** (Volunteers respond.)

Indicate the brick. Continue: **Here is a** *brick***.** (Children repeat, *brick*.) **What might you build with** *bricks***?** (Volunteers respond.)

Explain: Straw is very *inexpensive*. That means it would not cost much money to build a house with straw. Sticks are a little more expensive so it would cost a little more to build a house with sticks. Bricks are *expensive* so it would cost a lot of money to build a house with bricks. If you want a *sturdy* house, one that would be strong and safe, would you build it with straw, sticks or bricks?

Indicate The Three Little Pigs.

Say: This is a folk tale told by Brandi Chase. A folk tale is a very old story that many people have told. This folk tale is about three pigs who are *siblings*. *Siblings* are brothers or sisters in a family. Do you have siblings in your family?

Read *The Three Little Pigs*. As you read, indicate the straw, sticks, and brick at appropriate times. Stop reading after page 19.

Partner children and instruct them to sit criss-cross, knee-to-knee. Say: **Talk to your partner about what you think the pigs will do next and why.** Volunteers share their answers with the group and explain.

Finish reading the story. Compare the children's predictions with the actual story.

Materials

The Three Little Pigs as told by

Brandi Chase

Straw, sticks, a brick

Vocabulary

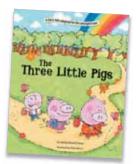
Uses illustrations to find the meanings of unknown words

Acquires new vocabulary

Comprehension

Makes connections using illustrations/ photos, prior knowledge, real-life experiences

Recognizes cause and effect



Measures or compares the weight of one or

more objects using a

nonstandard reference

Uses graphs and charts to answer questions

Makes and verifies

Math

Science

predictions

Small Group & Exploration

Heavy or Light?

Indicate the large block and the feather. Ask: **Which of these objects is heavier, the block or the feather?**

(Children take turns holding the block and feather, and share their answers.) **Right, the block is heavier. Which object is lighter?** (the feather)

Place the block and the feather on a table. Ask: Which object could you blow across this table? (Volunteers respond.) Let's try. (Several volunteers try to blow the block across the table, then the feather.) Why do you think you could blow the feather across the table, but not the block? (The feather is light, but the block is too heavy.)

Indicate the straw, the sticks, and the brick.

Say: Each pig in the story used a different building material to build a house. Which of these building materials is the heaviest? Which is the lightest? Accept responses.

Indicate the chart paper. Each child chooses the type of house he or she would like to build. Display the materials to help with choices. Children write their names in the appropriate columns.

Houses will be created on Day 2.

Large block
 A feather or a napkin
 Straw, sticks, a brick

Prepared chart paper

Materials

Gathering Routine

Continue this routine as with previous weeks.

WEEK 19 Day **TWO**

Morning Meeting

Warm Up Your Brain

Play "Huff and Puff!" Designate a beginning point and an ending point on the floor, rug, or table. Four children kneel in front of the group, each with a napkin in front of him or her. Children use a crawling motion and blow their napkins from the beginning point to the ending point.

Building Words



Observe &

Modify

Use uppercase letters for this activity if the readiness of your group so dictates.

Read and discuss Gingerbread Boy's message.

Say: **Many things have beginnings, middles, and ends.** Give examples such as stories and movies.

Arrange three chairs side by side and indicate each in turn. Here are three chairs. This chair is at the beginning. This chair is in the middle. This chair is at the end. We will use these chairs to help us build words, because words also have a beginning, a middle and an end.

Indicate the pocket chart. Say: **Here are some letters. Let's name them.** Place and name Letter Cards *a*, *b*, *e*, *f*, *m*, *n*, *o*, *p* and *w*.

Indicate and name the Picture Card web. (Children repeat, web.)

Say: Let's build the word web. Listen carefully to hear a beginning, middle, and end sound. Repeat, web. Remove w, e, and b from the pocket chart and distribute each letter to a different child. Listen: w-e-b. Which sound do you hear at the beginning? (/w/) W stands for /w/. The child holding w sits in the "beginning" chair.

Say: Listen to the next sound. /w/, /e/. Which sound is next or in the middle? (/e/) *E* stands for /e/. The child holding *e* sits in the "middle" chair.

Say: Listen for the sound at the end, or the last sound. /w/, /e/, /b/. What letter stands for /b/? (/b/) *B* stands for /b/. The child holding *b* sits in the "end" chair.

Say: We just built the word /w/ /e/ /b/, web.

Repeat for bed, fan, man, and mop.

	Pocket chart
	Three chairs
	Picture Cards: bed, fan, man,
	mop, web
	Letter Cards: <i>a, b, d, e, f, m, n, o,</i>
	р, w
_	

Materials



Math

Shows understanding of position words

Phonics

Recognizes/names some letter sounds

Print/Book Awareness

Understands that letters form words





See Learning Centers for **Week 19**, pages 440-442. After cleanup, the children gather to share their experiences.

Circle Time

Materials

Phonological Awareness: Words in a Sentence

Say: Listen to this sentence: *The spider is weaving a web.* Now, you say it. (Children repeat the sentence.) Listen again. Assign one child to each word in the sentence and instruct them to stand in front of the class. Stand behind each child as you repeat their word in the sentence.

Prepared sentence strips
Grandmother
Star
Letter Card Ww
Chart paper, marker
Starfall American Sign
Language Poster

Ask: **How many words did you hear?** (Children respond.) **Let's check.** (Say the sentence and count the words.) Repeat for *The spider catches flies in the web*.

Indicate the sentence strips. Read *The spider is weaving a web.* Volunteers circle each word in the sentence and count them. Repeat for *The spider catches flies in the web.*

Introduce Ww, List Ww Words, ASL Ww

Indicate Letter Card *Ww*. Say: **This is the letter** *Ww*. (Children repeat, *W*.) **One** *W* **is uppercase and one** *w* **is lowercase, but both letters are** *W***. The letter** *Ww* **stands for /w/** (w sound). **Each time I touch the letter** *Ww***, say /w/**. Touch the Letter Card several times, quickly and slowly as children say /w/.

Say: Let's skywrite uppercase *W*. (demonstrate) Now, let's skywrite lowercase *w*. (demonstrate) Now, find a partner. (Children find partners.) Take turns and use your finger to write uppercase *W* on your partner's back. After they have done this several times say: Now write lowercase *w*.

Indicate the star. Grandmother asks: Who can find the letter *Ww* on the Alphabet Chart? (A volunteer identifies *Ww* and attaches the star on or above the Wall Letter Card.)

Indicate ABC for Gingerbread Boy and Me. Say: Let's look at Ww. Here are some pictures of things that begin with /w/.

- Identify each picture. Children repeat.
- Isolate the beginning sound. (Example: web, /w/)
- Indicate the word below each picture. Say: Here is the picture; here is the word that names the picture.
- Discriminate between picture/word. (Example: Indicate the picture of the web. Indicate the word, *web*.)

Say: We have learned the letter *Ww* and /w/. Now let's learn to make the letter *Ww* with our fingers. Indicate the Starfall American Sign Language Poster and demonstrate the American Sign Language sign for *Ww*. Say: This is the letter *Ww* in sign language. Now you try it. Children sign *Ww*.



Phonological Awareness

Distinguishes individual words within spoken phrases or sentences

Listens for beginning sound

Phonics

Focuses on letter names and shapes

WEEK 19 • DAY 2

Indicate the chart paper. Say: Let's make a list of words that begin with *Ww*. I'll write the words on this chart paper so we don't forget them. Start with

children's names that begin with *W*, then accept suggestions. Children circle *Ww* in their words after you write them.

Sing "Where Is /w/?" Each time /w/ is used, children make the ASL sign for *Ww*.

Encourage children to bring items (or pictures of items) from home that begin with /w/.

Story Time

Sequence The Three Little Pigs

Discuss how the story begins, develops, ends:

- Beginning Parents send the siblings to build their own houses.
- Middle Each pig builds his or her own house and the wolf blows down the straw and stick houses.
- End The wolf and the pigs become friends.

Indicate *The Three Little Pigs* Sequence Cards. Place them in the pocket chart in random order. Children discuss the illustrations on each card.

Ask: Which Sequence Card shows what happened at the beginning of the story? Continue to sequence the cards until all are in order. Read the story to confirm the correct order of the Sequence Cards.

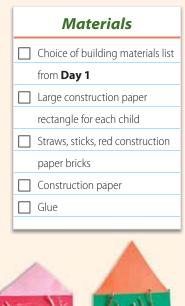
Small Group & Exploration

Construct a House

Indicate and review the chart paper list of building materials the children chose.

Distribute the materials. Children glue straw, sticks, or construction paper bricks onto large rectangles to build houses. Construction paper can be used to add roofs.

Optional: If you have small empty milk cartons available, prepare the large rectangle papers to fit around them. After children glue their pieces to the rectangles, attach them to the empty milk cartons. Attach a roof to the top of each milk carton. Each child writes his or her building material of choice (straw, sticks, or bricks) on an index card. Place the index cards by the constructions. Display finished houses in the classroom with a sentence strip heading: *The three little pigs built their houses out of* (blank).



Where Is /w/?

(Melody: "Where Is Thumbkin?")

Where is /w/? Where is /w/?

Materials

The Three Little Pigs as told by

Brandi Chase

The Three Little Pigs

Sequence Cards

Pocket chart

Here I am. Here I am.

/w/ in web, /w/ in wall /w/ /w/ /w/, Ww, Ww, Ww

Comprehension

Identifies sequence of events



Math

Uses numbers to predict, estimate, and make realistic guesses

Fine Motor Skills

Demonstrates control, strength, and dexterity to manipulate objects



WEEK 19 Day **Three**

Gathering Routine

Mor

Continue this routine as with previous weeks.

orning Meeting	Materials	
	Tower of blocks on a tray	
Warm Up Your Brain	(taller than Gingerbread Boy)	
Explain that the children will create a pattern with their	Narrow paper strips, two or	
movements as they follow your directions.	three feet long	
	Marker	
Say: Clap your hands. Next, stomp your feet. Stand		
the pattern. Clap your hands, stomp your feet, stand up, sit down, and crawl around. Repeat several times.Volunteers suggest patterns of movement.		
Measure Height		
Read and discuss Gingerbread Boy's message.	The Builder Song	
Display the tower of blocks Gingerbread Boy built on a tray. Say: It sounds like Gingerbread Boy was a builder last	(Melody: "Here We Go Round the Mulberry Bush")	
night. He will love this song!	This is the way we saw our wood,	
Sing "The Builder Song."	saw our wood, saw our wood, This is the way we saw our wood,	
Sav: If Gingerbread Boy would like to know how tall	so early in the morning.	

Say: If Gingerbread Boy would like to know how tall his tower is he could measure it. Let's show him how.

Indicate a narrow paper strip. Say: Here is a paper strip. We can use it to measure how tall things are.

- Several children build a tower with blocks.
- Demonstrate how to hold the bottom of the strip next to the bottom of the tower while a child holds the top of the strip.
- A second child marks the height of the structure by drawing a line on the paper strip.

This is the way we pound our nails...

This is the way we stack our bricks...

This is the way we paint the walls...

This is the way we drill a hole...

• Write "Tower 1" next to the line. Explain: This tells us how tall Tower 1 is.

Several children build another tower. Repeat the above procedure. Label the paper strip "Tower 2."

Compare the towers and discuss which is taller and which is shorter.

Measure Gingerbread Boy's tower using the above procedure. Compare the height of Gingerbread Boy's tower to Towers 1 and 2.

Optional Activity: Prepare strips for each child. Children work with partners to build towers and record their heights on their individual strips. Partners compare their results.

I built a big tower last night with blocks. It is taller than I am!

Your friend,

Gingerbread Boy

Math

Measures or compares the height of one or more objects using a nonstandard reference

Uses graphs and charts to answer questions

LEARNING CENTERS

See Learning Centers for **Week 19**, pages 440-442. After cleanup, the children gather to share their experiences.

Circle Time

Phonemic Awareness: Blending Consonant/Vowel/Consonant

Say: Listen to these sounds: /w / /e / /t/. Now you say them. (Children repeat, /w / /e/ /t/.) Blend the sounds together to form a word: /w/ /e/ /t/, wet. Let's try more. Repeat with /w/ /e / /l /well and /w / /i/ /g/ wig.

Introduce /h/

Say: Grandmother has a riddle for us. Listen to her clues to solve this riddle. Grandmother reads the riddle "Helicopter." Children solve the riddle.

Display the Picture Cards *helicopter, hen, headphones* and *house*.

Say: Here is a picture of a *helicopter*. Say, *helicopter*. *Helicopter* begins with /h/. Say /h/. Continue:

- Hen begins with /h/. Say, hen. Say /h/, hen.
- *Headphones* begins with /h/. Say, *headphones*. Say /h/, *headphones*.
- Say, *house*. What sound do you hear at the beginning of *house*? Right, /h/.

Say: Listen to these two words to tell which one begins with /h/, *helicopter* or *plane*. (helicopter) *Helicopter* begins with /h/. (Children repeat, /h/.) Listen again. Which one begins with /h/, *tree* or *hill*? (hill)

Say: **Pretend you are a** *helicopter*. Children stand and spin around like the blades of a helicopter. Now, listen to these words. If you hear /h/ at the beginning, spin your helicopter blades. (demonstrate) If the word doesn't begin with /h/, land on your bottom! Ready? Use *home*, yard, happy, box, and hammer.

Indicate *Nursery Rhymes* page 13 "Humpty Dumpty." Say: **Listen to this rhyme. Raise your hand when you hear a word that begins with /h/.** Read "Humpty Dumpty" and pause to see that children discriminate initial /h/ words. Children say the rhyme together.

Play Nursery Rhymes Audio CD Track 10. Children sing "Humpty Dumpty."

Encourage children to listen for /h/ today.

М	at	e	ia	ls

Grandmother

Starfall's Selected Nursery
Rhymes (Book & Audio CD)

Picture Cards: *headphones*,

helicopter, hen, house

Pocket chart

Helicopter

Sometimes I fly people to the hospital and land on a tower.

I can't go as fast as an airplane.

Only a few people can fit inside me.

My rotating blades lift me off the ground.

My name begins with /h/.

What am I?

Phonemic Awareness

Blends three phonemes Listens for beginning sound



Vocabulary

Discusses words and

Identifies basic similarities in and differences

word meanings

Comprehension

between two texts

on the same topic

Story Time

Compare Versions of The Three Little Pigs

Indicate The Three Little Pigs as told by Brandi Chase. Picture-walk through the book as children retell the story. Encourage them to include the repeated patterns during the retelling.

Materials
The Three Little Pigs as told by
Brandi Chase
An alternate version of
The Three Little Pigs

Indicate your alternate choice of The Three Little Pigs story. Say: Here's another version of The Three Little Pigs. Listen to find out how this story is the same and how it is different from the first one. Children compare and contrast the two versions.

Optional: Share a story version from the wolf's point of view, such as *The True Story* of the Three Little Pigs by Jon Scieszka or The Three Little Wolves and the Big Bad Pig by Eugene Trivizas.

Small Group & Exploration

Create Puppets

Children use construction paper to create pig or wolf paper bag puppets.

Children will use puppets on **Day 5** to dramatize *The Three Little Pigs*.



Paper bag for each child

Pink, black, and gray

construction paper

Markers, scissors, glue

of art projects Creates original work

Shows care and

persistence in a variety



Gathering Routine

Continue this routine as with previous weeks.

WEEK 19 Day Four

Morning Meeting

Warm Up Your Brain

Play *Sing-Along* Volume 2, Track 46. Children sing "The More We Get Together" as they do the following:

- Stand in a circle.
- Cross their arms right over left and hold the hands of the children on either side.
- Sway back and forth while holding hands in the circle.

What Happens After

Read and discuss Gingerbread Boy's message.

Say: At the end of this story the wolf and pigs decided to become friends. What kinds of things do you think they will do together? (Volunteers respond.)

Partner the children and instruct them to sit criss-cross, knee to knee. Say: **Talk with your partner about something you, the pigs and the wolf might do together.**

Partners share their responses with the class as you list them on chart paper.

Save the chart paper for use in today's Small Group.

LEARNING CENTERS

See Learning Centers for **Week 19**, pages 440-442. After cleanup, the children gather to share their experiences.

Materials

Starfall Sing-Along Volume 2
The Three Little Pigs as told by
Brandi Chase
Chart paper

Markers



Comprehension

Makes connections using illustrations/ photos, prior knowledge, real-life experiences

Makes inferences

Connects events, characters, and actions in stories to specific experiences

Listening & Speaking

Engage in agreed-upon rules for discussions Phonological **Awareness**

Counts syllables

Focuses on letter

names and shapes

sound

Phonics

Listens for beginning

• DAY 4			
	Cir	cle Time	Materials
			Grandmother
		Phonological Awareness: Syllables in Words	Letter Card Hh
			Star
		Say: Listen to these word parts: <i>he-li-cop-ter</i> . Now put them together: <i>helicopter</i> . This time	ABC for Gingerbread Boy and
		clap for the parts. Ready? <i>he-li-cop-ter</i> (clap, clap,	Me by Starfall
		clap, clap) (Children say, <i>helicopter</i> .) Repeat with	Starfall American Sign
pp		ham-mer (hammer), hill (hill), hun-gry (hungry) and	Language Poster
		<i>hos-pit-al</i> (hospital).	Chart paper
Hh	l		Marker
		ntroduce <i>Hh</i> , List <i>Hh</i> Words, ASL <i>Hh</i>	Basket or bag
		IIII VAUCE IIII, LISCIIII WOTAS, ASLIIII	

Grandmother asks: What sound do you hear at the **beginning of helicopter?** /h/

Indicate Letter Card Hh. Say: This is the letter Hh. (Children repeat, h.) One H is uppercase and one is lowercase, but both letters are *Hh*. The letter *Hh* stands for /h/ (h sound). Each time I touch the letter Hh, say /h/. Touch the Letter Card several times, quickly and slowly and children say /h/.

Say: Let's skywrite uppercase H. (demonstrate) Now, let's skywrite lowercase h. (demonstrate) Find a partner. (Children find partners.) Take turns and use your finger to write uppercase *H* on your partner's back. After they have done this several times say: Now write lowercase h.

Indicate the star. Ask: Who can find the letter *Hh* on the Alphabet Chart? Grandmother helps a volunteer locate *Hh* and review the other letters with stars. The volunteer attaches the star on or above the Wall Letter Card.

Indicate ABC for Gingerbread Boy and Me.

Say: Let's look at *Hh*. Here are some pictures of things that begin with /h/.

- Identify each picture. Children repeat.
- Isolate the beginning sound. (Example: helicopter, /h/)
- Indicate the word below each picture. Say: Here is the picture; here is the word that names the picture.
- Discriminate between picture/word. (Example: Indicate the picture of the helicopter. Indicate the word, helicopter.)

Say: We have learned the letter Hh and /h/. Let's learn to make the letter Hh with our fingers. (Indicate the Starfall American Sign Language Poster and demonstrate the American Sign Language sign for *Hh.*) Say: This is the letter *Hh* in sign language. Now you try it. Children sign Hh.

Indicate the chart paper. Say: Let's make a list of words that begin with the letter H. I'll write the words on this chart paper so we don't forget them.

Children circle the *Hh* in their words after you write them.

Sing "Where Is /h/?" Each time /h/ is used, children make the ASL sign for *Hh*.

Encourage children to bring items, (or pictures of items), from home that begin with /h/.

Story Time

Teacher's Literature Choice: Construction

Recite "Cathy's Hammers."

Explain: This week we have talked about things we can build. Another word for build is construct. Say, construct. (Children repeat, construct.)

Indicate your book choice. Ask: What do you predict this book is about? (Children respond.) Why? Let's read to see if you are correct.

Read the book, pausing briefly to discuss new vocabulary as it is introduced. Ask and answer questions about the book.

Where Is /h/?

(Melody: "Where Is Thumbkin?")

Where is /h/? Where is /h/? Here I am. Here I am. /h/ in helicopter, /h/ in ham /h/ /h/, Hh, Hh, Hh

Materials

Teacher's choice of book about

about construction

Vocabulary

Acquires new vocabulary

Uses illustrations to find the meanings of unknown words

Comprehension

Asks and answers appropriate questions about the story

Emergent Writing

understanding of the

connections among their

own ideas, experiences,

and written expression

Uses drawing to convey meaning

Demonstrates

Cathy's Hammers

- (Make a hammering motion with one fist.) Cathy had one hammer, one hammer, one hammer, Cathy had one hammer, then she had two.
- (Make a hammering motion with both fists.) Cathy had two hammers, two hammers, two hammers, Cathy had two hammers, then she had three.
- (Make a motion with both fists and one leg.) Cathy had three hammers, three hammers, three hammers, Cathy had three hammers, then she had four.
- (Make a motion with both fists and both legs.) Cathy had four hammers, four hammers, four hammers, Cathy had four hammers, then she had five.
- (Make a motion with both fists, both legs, and head.) Cathy had five hammers, five hammers, five hammers, Cathy had five hammers, then she went to sleep!

(Pretend you are sleeping.)

Small Group & Exploration

Draw and Write

Review the children's responses stating what they would like to do with the pigs and the wolf. Children illustrate their choices. They write or dictate sentences about their drawings.

Display finished papers alongside the chart paper responses.

Materials

Response list from today's

Morning Meeting

Drawing paper

Pencils, crayons

Encourage children to share their drawings and sentences with each other!

WEEK 19 Day **Five**

I would love to see you perform the story

of The Three Little

Pigs. I could be your

Gingerbread Boy

Comprehension Retells or reenacts a story

after it is read aloud

Identifies story characters

audience.

love

Gathering Routine

Continue this routine as with previous weeks.

Morning Meeting

Warm Up Your Brain

Play "Freeze-a-Roo." Children perform the following motions to the music as you name them. When the music stops, they freeze in place. Say: **Pretend you are:**

• a wolf blowing down the pig's house

- a pig rolling in the mud
- a pig building a house made of bricks
- a pig dancing down the street

The Three Little Pigs Puppet Show

Read and discuss Gingerbread Boy's message.

Say: That would be fun! We could use our paper bag pig and wolf puppets. Let's look through the story to see what characters and props we will need. Picture-walk through the story. Identify and assign the characters:

- mom and dad pig
- three pig siblings
- straw salesman
- stick salesman
- brick salesman
- wolf



Distribute the puppets. Say: Maybe we should practice. I will read the story. If you have a pig puppet, hold it up when the pigs speak and say the words with me. If you have a wolf puppet, hold it up when the wolf speaks and say the words with me. Read the story. Children raise their puppets during these repeated phrases:

- Wolves "Little pig, little pig, let me come in!" and "Then I'll huff, and I'll puff, and I'll blow your house in!"
- Pigs "Not by the hair on my chinny-chin-chin!"

Explain that the children will dramatize the story during Story Time.

LEARNING CENTERS

See Learning Centers for **Week 19**, pages 440-442. After cleanup, the children gather to share their experiences.

Materials

Teacher's choice of music for

"Freeze-a-Roo"

Paper bag puppets

The Three Little Pigs as told by Brandi Chase

Circle Time

Phonological Awareness: Blending Onset and Rime

Say: Listen to these word parts, and put them together to form words: /w/ /et/ (wet), /h/ /ug/ (hug), /w/ /ater/ (water), /h/ /orse/ (horse)

Review Letters and Sounds

Indicate *Nursery Rhymes* page 48, "Wee Willie Winkie." Read the rhyme and demonstrate how to echo. Children echo you after each sentence is read.

Say: Listen to these words: Wee, Willie, Winkie, windows. What sound do you hear at the beginning of all these words? (/w/)

Read the following sentences slowly. Children clap if they hear a word that begins with /w/.

- Wee Willie Winkie had a wonderful time.
- Willie the worm wiggled in the water.
- The woman wore a wig.
- Walter and Wilma pulled their wagon.
- The walrus saw a wishing well.
- It was windy on Wednesday.

Grandmother asks: Who remembers the nursery rhyme that uses /h/, and is about an egg that had a great fall? ("Humpty Dumpty") Let's sing it together.

Play Nursery Rhymes Audio CD Track 10. Children sing "Humpty Dumpty."

Place the Letter Cards in a pocket chart (in alphabetical order, face up) as children identify each one. Randomly distribute the Picture Cards.

Say: Each of you has a Picture Card that begins with one of these letters. Who has the Picture Card that begins with /a/? (The child with the *apple* Picture Card stands.) Right, *apple* begins with /a/. Place your Picture Card on top of *Aa*.

Continue until all letters and Picture Cards are matched.

Materials
Grandmother
Starfall's Selected Nursery
Rhymes (Book & Audio CD)
Letter Cards: Aa, Bb, Cc, Dd, Ee,
Ff, Hh, Ii, Kk, Ll, Mm, Nn, Oo, Pp,
Rr, Ss, Tt, Ww
Picture Cards: apple, bear,
cow, duck, elephant, fingers,
helicopter, iguana, kittens,
ladybugs, monkey, net,
octopus, puppies, rabbit,
skateboard, tent, web
Pocket chart

Phonological Awareness

Combines onset and rime to form a familiar onesyllable word with and without pictorial support

Listens for beginning sound

Phonics

Names most letters

Recognizes/names some letter sounds

Matches some letters to their sounds



Starfall Pre K

WEEK 19 • DAY 5

Materials

- Starfall's Selected Nursery
 - Rhymes (Book & Audio CD)
- The Three Little Pigs as told by
 - Brandi Chase
- Paper bag puppets and props



Story Time

Dramatize The Three Little Pigs

Indicate *Nursery Rhymes* page 41 and play Audio CD Track 41. Children sing "This Little Pig Went to Market."

Dramatize The Three Little Pigs for Gingerbread Boy.

Small Group & Exploration

There are no formal lessons planned for **Day 5**. Use this time to conduct individual conferences or make up activities with children who might have been absent or need additional practice with skills.

Creative Arts

Participates in teacher-guided dramatic activities